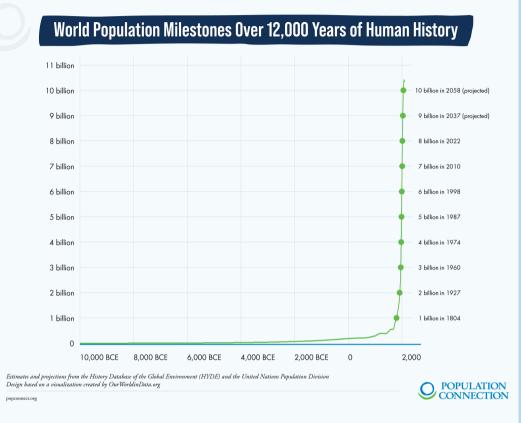
POPULATION GROWTH FACTS



It took until 1800 for our human population to reach 1 billion. Since then, it has expanded 8-fold, reaching 8 billion in 2022.

The United Nations projects our population will continue growing until well into the second half of this century, likely peaking around 10.4 billion in the 2080s.

Our population growth is exacerbating all environmental problems, including climate change, biodiversity loss, natural resource depletion and pollution.



Rapid population growth isn't only bad for the environment — it also traps people in poverty and worsens food and water insecurity. And it reflects deep gender inequality: The areas with the fastest population growth are those where women and girls have the least power over their own bodies and lives.



The number of people affected by hunger is increasing again and now stands at around 830 million.

1-in-5 girls is married before turning 18.

> 257 million women have an unmet need for family planning.

Half of all pregnancies are unintended.

THE SOLUTION

2.3 billion people live in water-stressed countries.

> Empowering women by removing barriers to family planning and girls' education is the most effective way to end population growth and is key to improving lives and achieving a future in which people and nature can thrive.

O POPULATION CONNECTION

Learn more at popconnect.org

Sources: United Nations World Population Prospects (2022); World Food Programme (2022); UN-Water (2021); UNFPA (2022); UNICEF (2022).