## Confronting Population Denial within the United Nations

#### Nandita Bajaj

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#### **Our Work**

We inspire narrative, behavioral, and system change that shrinks our human impact and elevates the rights and wellbeing of people, animals, and the planet.



#### Media Publications (Link)

### The Guardian

Reproductive rights are under threat

Nandita Bajaj

#### Newsweek

'Worrying' Population Declines Are Actually A Hopeful Sign | Opinion

By Kirsten Stade

#### The Washington Post

Opinion | Our goal should be a planet with fewer humans

Kirsten Stade



Abortion Bans Are a Natural Outgrowth of Coercive Pronatalism

**NANDITA BAJAJ** 

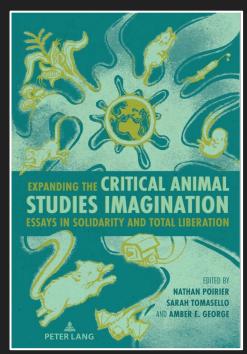


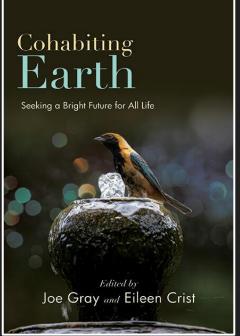
#### Academic Publications (Link)

Challenging Pronatalism Is Key to Advancing Reproductive Rights and a Sustainable Population

World scientists' warning: The behavioural crisis driving ecological overshoot

Confronting the United
Nations' Pro-growth Agenda:
A Call to Reverse Ecological
Overshoot







#### Conference and Classroom Presentations (Link)





post carbon institute





































## Open Online Discussion-Based Course (<u>Link</u>)

Developed and taught by Nandita Bajaj, this is the only course in the world that draws the connections between pronatalism, human supremacy, social inequalities, and ecological overshoot, and offers life-affirming alternatives. It is open to anyone and is run as a discussion-based Zoom course over 14 weeks.

#### **Graduate Course**

Pronatalism, Overpopulation & the Planet: The Personal, Cultural, & Global Implications of Having a Child

Online, Open, 3 credits Jan-Apr/ May-Aug/ Sep-Dec Learn more: <u>bit.ly/3NKS1E5</u>







#### Podcasts (Link)





From Ego to Eco **Rewilding Nature** and Ourselves



Patriarchy, Motherhood, and the Search for Meaning









**Engaging Boys** and Men to Confront Patriarchy in Uganda



Countdown Our Last, Best Hope for a Future on Earth?









#### Podcasts (Link)

### BEYOND PRONATALISM



finding fulfillment with or without kids

#### **MILLY & MIK**

on healing and celebrating family through adoption



#### **HANS-PETER**

on his most loving gift - a vasectomy at 25



#### **ASH**

on rejecting Mormonism and motherhood



#### **OLIVIA**

on reproductive ambivalence





#### **Outline**

- Part I: UN & Overshoot
- Part II: Population Denial within the UN
- Part III: Pathways Forward Toward Social and Ecological Justice



# Confronting the United Nations' Pro-growth Agenda: A Call to Reverse Ecological Overshoot

🕟 Nandita Bajaj, Eileen Crist, Kirsten Stade

the journal of population and sustainability

## Part I: The UN and Overshoot



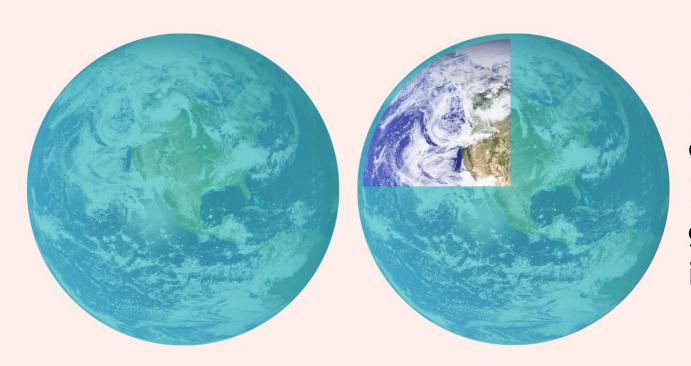
#### The founding of the United Nations

- Founded in 1945 to promote world peace and collaboration among nations;
- Prevailing ideas:
  - economic growth brings prosperity and wellbeing;
  - human ingenuity can overcome all constraints to growth;
  - o nature and nonhumans exist as 'resources' to serve us
- The UN appears invested in this obsolete framing as ecological and social crises become more desperate



#### **ECOLOGICAL OVERSHOOT**

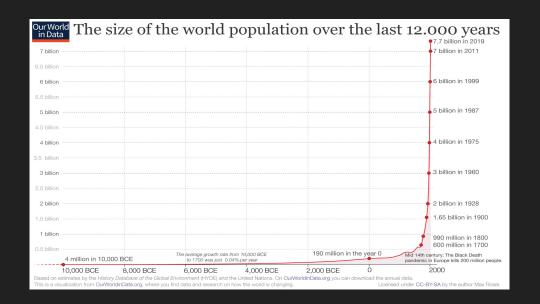




Humanity's demand on Earth is **75**% **greater** than is sustainable

Global Footprint Network website, 2024

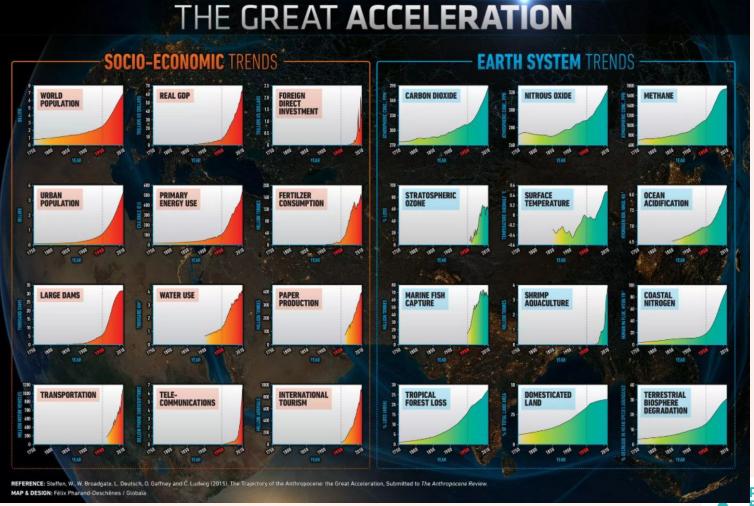
#### **Human Expansion**



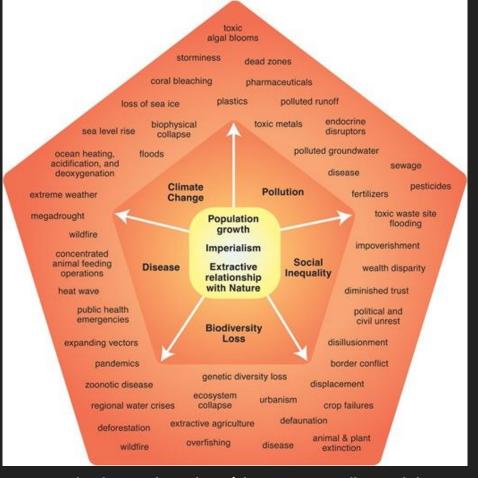
POPULATION X 8

CONSUMPTION X 100







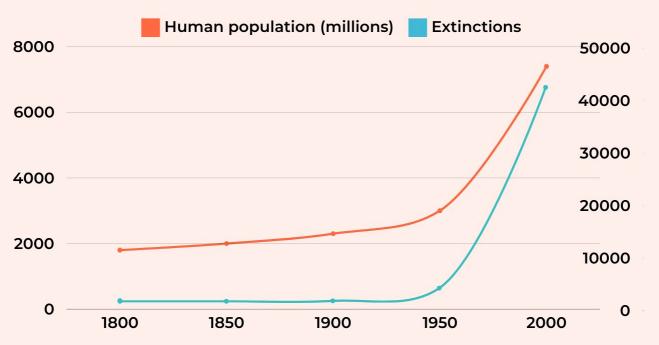


Source: Fletcher et al. Earth at risk: An urgent call to end the age of destruction and forge a just and sustainable future, *PNAS Nexus*, Volume 3, Issue 4, April 2024



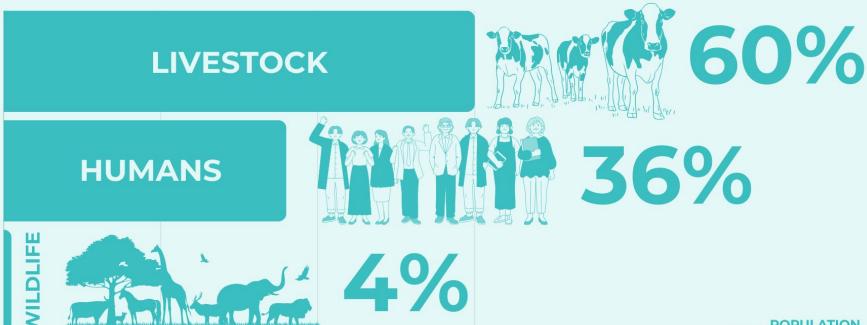
#### **HUMANS AND EXTINCTIONS**





Scott, J. Michael, "SLIDES: Threats to Biological Diversity: Global, Continental, Local" (2008). Shifting Baselines and New Meridians: Water, Resources, Landscapes, and the Transformation of the American West (Summer Conference, June 4-6). https://scholar.law.colorado.edu/water-resources-and-transformation-of-American-West/15

#### **BIOMASS DISTRIBUTION OF LAND MAMMALS**





#### Int'l Conf on Population and Development, 1994





The Toxification of Population Discourse





Negligence of unraveling ecological and social crises within the UN

## THE OVERPOPULATION PODCAST



Confronting Overshoot
Changing the Story of Human
Exceptionalism



**WILLIAM REES** 

# Part I: Population Denial in the UNFPA



#### A glib title





#### **Public survey**

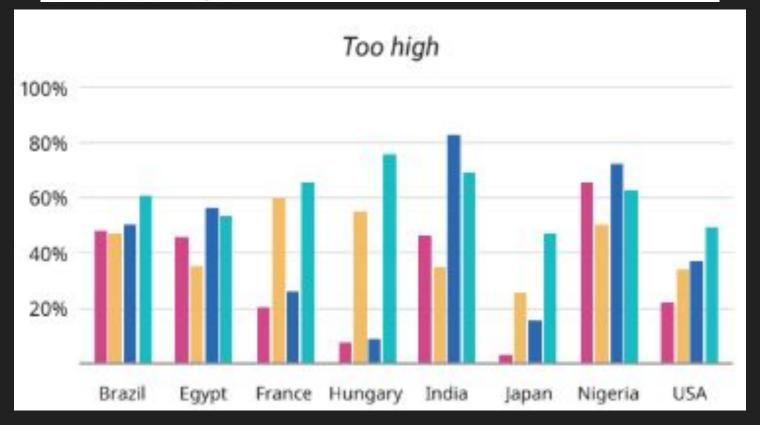
Commissioned by UNFPA
Conducted by YouGov
Representative sample of ~8000 for views on population

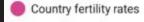
#### Eight countries:

- Brazil
- India
- Egypt
- Japan
- France •
- Nigeria
- Hungary
- United States

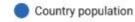


Respondents' views on fertility rate and population size across eight countries surveyed













#### Selective interpretation of results

The findings suggest that population anxieties have seeped into large portions of the general public. In every country surveyed, the most common view among respondents was that the global population was too large.

UNFPA SWOP, 2023

In all countries, those who reported being exposed to media or conversations about the world's population in the past 12 months were substantially more likely to view the global population as being too high.



UNFPA SWOP, 2023

## Country ranks by population size



Seven of the eight countries surveyed are among the top 25 most populous countries in the world.





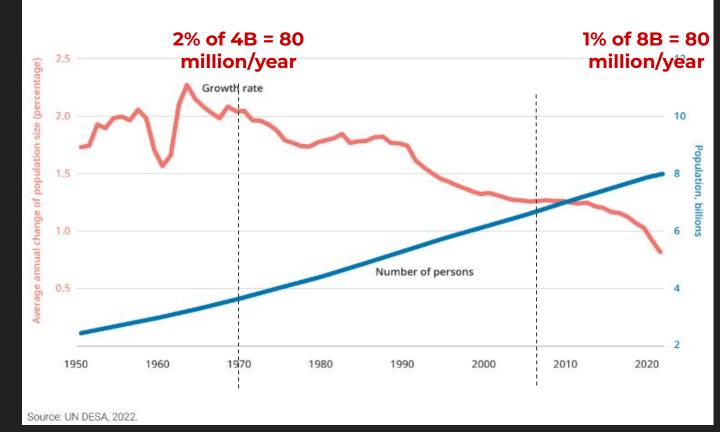
"Too many" people. This phrase is uttered every day. It can be heard among drivers sitting in traffic. It may be spoken by shoppers in long queues for groceries and by consumers of news about the plunder of natural resources and rising global temperatures. From their perspectives, a world of 8 billion human beings is one bursting at the seams.

If the rights of people are so central to the UNFPA's values, why are their views and experiences constantly being dismissed and belittled?



The tired trope of "the problem is solving itself"

#### World population growth rate, 1950-2021



Population growth rate is declining, yet population is still increasing by the same absolute amount each year as in 1970.





The idea that fewer people would automatically relieve pressures on the planet and allow ecological restoration is persistent. Proponents of such thinking often link human population size to food insecurity, soil degradation, biodiversity loss, plastic pollution, the increased chances of pandemics, overcrowding, joblessness, deteriorating infrastructure, bad governance and conflict.

UNFPA SWOP, 2023

UNFPA denying scientific evidence

#### Evidence from other UN agencies

Many countries will face challenges in meeting the needs of their growing urban populations, including for housing, transportation, energy systems and other infrastructure, as well as for employment and basic services such as education and health care. - UNDESA, 2018

Since 1970, trends in agricultural production, fish harvest, bioenergy production and harvest of materials have increased, in response to population growth, rising demand and technological development, this has come at a steep price for [] biodiversity and soil health. - IPBES, 2019

A combination of rapid population growth and limited social protection measures have led to a steep increase in the global numbers of extremely poor children, especially in Africa and South Asia where nearly 90% of the world's children caught in extreme poverty reside.

- World Bank and UNICEF, 2023



A misplaced focus on population growth as a key driver of past, present and future climate change conflates a rise in emissions with an increase in people, rather than the real source of those emissions: an increase in cars, power plants, airplanes, industries, buildings, and other parts of our fossil fuel dependent economy and lifestyles. - The Union of Concerned Scientists



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Globally, GDP per capita and population growth remained the strongest drivers of CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion in the last decade.

IPCC, 2022



#### Consumption distribution (per capita)



France	2.8	
Spain	2.8	<b>6 6</b>
Switzerland	2.8	
■ Italy	2.7	
U.K.	2.6	
China China	2.4	<b>(4)</b>
Brazil	1.6	
India	0.8	

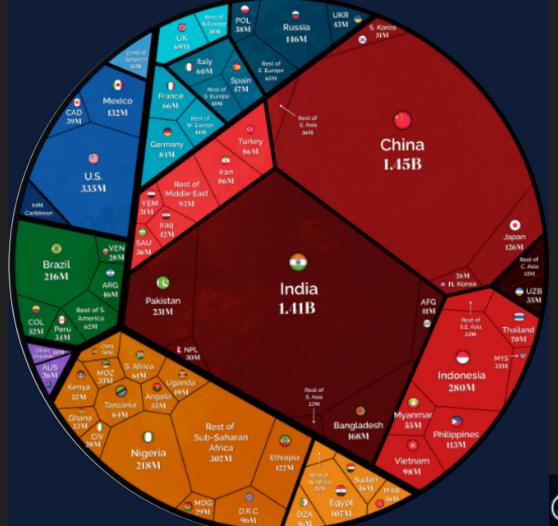
**Source: Global Footprint Network** 



## Population distribution

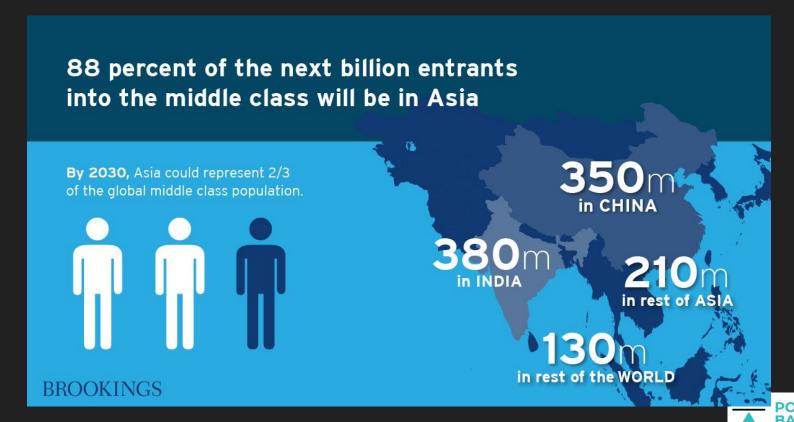
Global South: >6B (>75%)

Global North: <2B (<25%)





#### **The Global Middle Class**



#### The Global Middle Class

The global middle class market is growing slowly in advanced countries and rapidly among emerging market economies

The middle class market in the U.S., the Eurozone, and Japan is projected to grow at only 0.5% per year, compared with annual growth of 6% or more in China and India.

**0.5**%

**U.S., EUROZONE & JAPAN** 



BROOKINGS





Many real challenges are waved away with a simple, nihilistic verdict: if global catastrophes are the result of too many people, the logical assumption that follows is that the number of people must be reduced, that some unknown number of people should survive and reproduce while others should not.

Is advocating for a sustainable population for the benefit of all nihilistic?

Is the logical assumption to population reduction selective reproduction and selective culling?



### Pronatalism versus antinatalism



Reproductive Autonomy & Responsibility



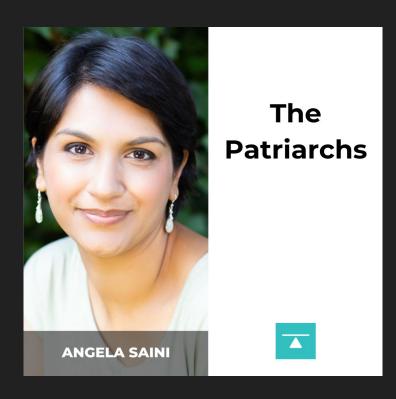
### Selective examples in history

## Too many, too few: the long history of population debates

**UNFPA SWOP 2023, pg. 30** 



### Patriarchy, pronatalism, and population



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Elites in early societies
needed population growth to
strengthen their states. Young
women were expected to
produce as many children as
possible, and men were
expected to fight in wars.
Family arrangements and
gender roles were codified in
service of the state.

- Angela Saini



### The pervasiveness of pronatalism





Pressures



More Followers



More Consumers



More Taxpayers, Military, Ethnocentrism





Draft Iraqi law allowing 9-year-olds to marry would 'legalise child rape', say activists



Have 'at least 3 kids', Erdogan tells Turkish women



Have four or more babies in Hungary and you'll pay no income tax for life, prime minister says



Putin revives Stalin-era 'Mother Heroine' award for women with 10 children



As Trump returns, state lawmakers pursue bills that would treat abortion as homicide



Japanese officials push dating apps in effort to boost birth rates

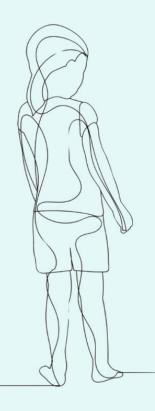


Iran is urging people to have babies — and making life hard for those who don't want to









# almost 650 million women and girls alive today were married before their 18th birthday



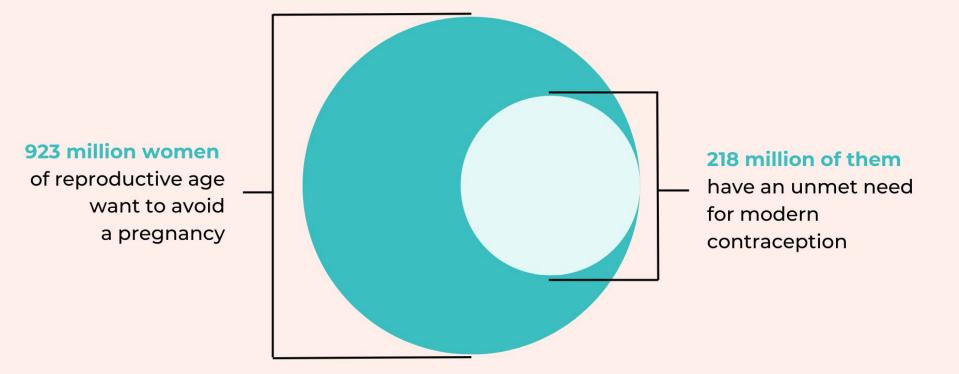
### **UNINTENDED PREGNANCIES**

Globally, nearly
half of all
pregnancies are
unintended.





### **UNMET NEED FOR CONTRACEPTION**





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Population collapse due to low birth rates is a much bigger risk to civilization than global warming. The urge to have sex and procreate has been "subverted" by birth control and abortion, leading to population decline.



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Today ... we see a form of selfishness. We see that some people do not want to have a child. Sometimes they have one, and that's it, but they have dogs and cats that take the place of children.





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If you say there is a population problem in a country, but you're killing millions of your own people through legalized abortion every year, if that were to be reduced, some of that problem is solved



)9

We will defend Christian culture and will not surrender the country to aliens. Instead of just numbers, we want Hungarian children. Migration for us is surrender.







Patriarchal pronatalism is the oldest form of population and reproductive control.

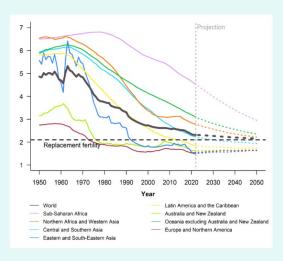
- Nandita Bajaj





Across the world, in country after country, once women achieve the education, empowerment and means to plan their families, fertility declines. This trend is so strikingly uniform across religious, cultural and political contexts that it has revealed women's 'latent desire' for lower fertility – a general preference that surfaces forthrightly once conditions for women's authentic choices align

#### **TOTAL FERTILITY RATE: ESTIMATES**



Diniz, José Miguel & Vasconcelos, Henrique & Souza, Júlio & Rb-Silva, Rita & Ameijeiras-Rodriguez, Carolina & Freitas, Alberto. (2023). Comparing Decentralized Learning Methods for Health Data Models to Non-Decentralized Alternatives: A Systematic Review Protocol (Preprint). JMIR Research Protocols. 12. 10.2196/45823



# Selective focus on rights



All individuals and couples should have the basic right to decide freely and responsibly the number and spacing of their children and to have the information, education and means to do so. - ICPD, 1994.



## No focus on responsibility



The assumption that women should be spared accurate information about population impacts – lest they plan their families based on a comprehensive picture of the consequences not only for themselves but for present and future societies, for children and for the planet – is condescending.

BAJAJ, CRIST, & STADE, 2024



### The rights of children ignored

Due, in large part, to population growth (esp in South Asia and Africa where 90% of extremely poor children reside):

- the number of extremely poor children has increased
- the rates of child marriage has increased and is expected to double by 2050;
- the highest prevalence and largest number of children in labour, a trend that is expected to rise
- Half of the 2.2 billion children at risk of experiencing 'extremely dire' conditions from the climate crisis and pollution

Source: Bajaj, Crist, & Stade, 2024

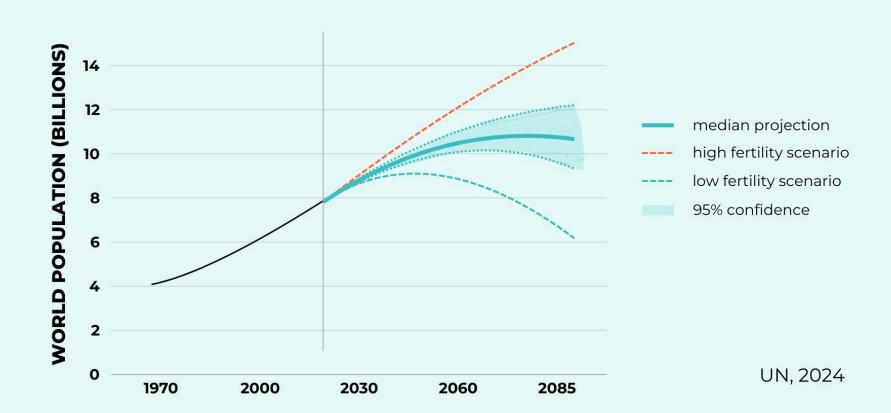


# Part III: Advancing Social and Ecological Justice



### **UN POPULATION PROJECTIONS**





Obligations Towards Potential Children

1

Obligations
Towards
Others





Ecological & Planetary Boundaries

Procreative
Autonomy free
from Pronatalism



### **Alternative Ecologically-Grounded Narratives**

- Embrace and help accelerate a declining fertility rate and modify policies that celebrate liberated family choices;
- Embrace an aging population and modify policies that treat our elderly with dignity, and not burdens;
- Restructure our economic model so our economy is here to serve us, and not vice versa;
- Abandon our pretense of human supremacy and embrace an ecocentric worldview that upholds Earth's ecological integrity.



### Thank you!

### SHRINK TOWARD ABUNDANCE

We envision a future where our human footprint is in balance with life on Earth, enabling all species to thrive.

